

Homework

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问题 1

问题 1

求证: $w \in Alt^k(V) \Leftrightarrow w(v_1, \dots, v_k) = 0$, 当 $v_i = v_{i+1}, i = 1, \dots, k-1$ 时

Proof

Proof: “ \implies ” 若 $w \in Alt^k(V)$, 则显然有: $w(v_1, \dots, v_k) = 0$, 当 $v_i = v_{i+1}, i = 1, \dots, k-1$ 时.

“ \Leftarrow ” 注意到 $S(k)$ 由对换 $(i, i+1)$ 生成, 且:

$$w(v_1, \dots, v_i, v_{i+1}, \dots, v_k) = w(v_1, \dots, v_{i+1}, v_i, \dots, v_k) \quad (1)$$

由此, 对于任意的 $v_i = v_j, i \neq j, \exists \tau \in S(k), s.t.$

$$\tau(v_1, \dots, v_i, \dots, v_j, \dots, v_k) = (v_1, \dots, v_i, v_{i+1}, \dots, v_k) \quad (2)$$

这里, $v_{i+1} = v_j = v_i$

$$\therefore w(v_1, \dots, v_k) = sign(\tau) \cdot w_1(v_1, \dots, v_i, v_{i+1}, \dots, v_k) = 0 \quad (3)$$

$$\therefore w \in Alt^k(V) \quad (4)$$

□

问题 2-Christoffel 记号的推导

问题 2-Christoffel 记号的推导 (Question17.7)

$$\text{求证: } \Gamma_{ij}^k = \frac{1}{2} g^{kl} \left(\frac{\partial g_{il}}{\partial x^j} + \frac{\partial g_{lj}}{\partial x^i} - \frac{\partial g_{ij}}{\partial x^l} \right)$$

Proof

我们首先有：

$$\frac{\partial g_{ij}}{\partial x^k} = \Gamma_{ik}^l g_{lj} + \Gamma_{jk}^l g_{il} \quad (5)$$

我们对指标 i,j,k 进行轮换，则有：

$$\frac{\partial g_{jk}}{\partial x^i} = \Gamma_{ji}^l g_{lk} + \Gamma_{ki}^l g_{jl} \quad (6)$$

$$\frac{\partial g_{ki}}{\partial x^j} = \Gamma_{kj}^l g_{li} + \Gamma_{ij}^l g_{kl} \quad (7)$$

Proof

注意到 $\Gamma_{ij}^k = \Gamma_{ji}^k$, $g_{ij} = g_{ji}$, (5)+(6)-(7) 有:

$$\Gamma_{ik}^l g_{jl} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial g_{ij}}{\partial x^k} + \frac{\partial g_{jk}}{\partial x^i} - \frac{\partial g_{ki}}{\partial x^j} \right) \quad (8)$$

在左右两边同乘 g^{pj} , 则有:

$$\Gamma_{ki}^l = \frac{1}{2} g^{jl} \left(\frac{\partial g_{ij}}{\partial x^k} + \frac{\partial g_{jk}}{\partial x^i} - \frac{\partial g_{ki}}{\partial x^j} \right) \quad (9)$$

□

问题 3-Poisson 括号积的局部表达式

问题 3-Poisson 括号积的局部表达式 Question17.1)

设

$$X = \sum_{i=1}^m a_i \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i}, Y = \sum_{j=1}^m b_j \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} \quad (10)$$

求证:

$$[X, Y] = \sum_{k=1}^m \left(\sum_{i=1}^m a_i \frac{\partial b_k}{\partial x_i} - \sum_{j=1}^m b_j \frac{\partial a_k}{\partial x_j} \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_k} \quad (11)$$

Proof

我们有：

$$\begin{aligned} XY(f) &= \sum_{i=1}^m a_i \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} \left(\sum_{k=1}^m b_k \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_k} \right) \\ &= \sum_{k=1}^m \sum_{i=1}^m \left(a_i \frac{\partial b_k}{\partial x_i} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_k} + a_i b_k \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_k \partial x_i} \right) \\ &= \sum_{k=1}^m \left(\sum_{i=1}^m a_i \frac{\partial b_k}{\partial x_i} \right) \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_k} + \sum_{k=1}^m \sum_{i=1}^m \left(a_i b_k \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_k \partial x_i} \right) \end{aligned} \tag{12}$$

Proof

由于 X 和 Y 的地位相等, 因而我们有:

$$\begin{aligned}[X, Y]f &= XY(f) - YX(f) \\&= \sum_{k=1}^m \left(\sum_{i=1}^m a_i \frac{\partial b_k}{\partial x_i} \right) \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_k} + \sum_{k=1}^m \sum_{i=1}^m \left(a_i b_k \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_k \partial x_i} \right) \\&\quad - \sum_{k=1}^m \left(\sum_{j=1}^m b_j \frac{\partial a_k}{\partial x_j} \right) \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_k} - \sum_{k=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^m \left(b_j a_k \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_k \partial x_j} \right) \tag{13} \\&= \sum_{k=1}^m \left(\sum_{i=1}^m a_i \frac{\partial b_k}{\partial x_i} - \sum_{j=1}^m b_j \frac{\partial a_k}{\partial x_j} \right) \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_k}\end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore [X, Y] = \sum_{k=1}^m \left(\sum_{i=1}^m a_i \frac{\partial b_k}{\partial x_i} - \sum_{j=1}^m b_j \frac{\partial a_k}{\partial x_j} \right) \frac{\partial}{\partial x_k} \tag{14}$$



The End, Thank You!